



**अनंतिम टेस्ट गाइड**

**टीईसी ८५१३०:२०२५**

(सं:टीएसटीपी/जीआर/ओजेसी १६/०१/जुलाई -२००५ को अधिक्रमित करता है)

**PROVISIONAL TEST GUIDE (Initial Draft)**

**TEC 85131:2025**

(Supersedes No. TSTP/GR/OFC - 16/01. JULY 2005)

---

**माइक्रो डक्ट ऑप्टिकल फाइबर केबल  
(मानको सं.: टीईसी ८५१३०:२०२५)**

**MICRO DUCT OPTICAL FIBRE CABLE  
(Draft Standard No.: TEC 85130:2025)**



ISO 9001:2015

---

**दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र**

**खुरशीदलाल भवन, जनपथ, नई दिल्ली-110001, भारत**

**TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING CENTRE**

**KHURSHIDLAL BHAWAN, JANPATH, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA**

**[www.tec.gov.in](http://www.tec.gov.in)**

© टीईसी, २०२५

© TEC, 2025

इस सर्वाधिकार सुरक्षित प्रकाशन का कोई भी हिस्सा, दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र, नई दिल्ली की लिखित स्वीकृति के बिना, किसी भी रूप में या किसी भी प्रकार से जैसे - इलेक्ट्रॉनिक, मैकेनिकल, फोटोकॉपी, रिकॉर्डिंग, स्कैनिंग आदि रूप में प्रेषित, संग्रहीत या पुनरुत्पादित न किया जाए ।

All rights reserved and no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form and by any means - electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, scanning or otherwise, without written permission from the Telecommunication Engineering Centre, New Delhi.

---

**Release 2: JUNE, 2025**

## FOREWORD

Telecommunication Engineering Centre(TEC) functions under Department of Telecommunications (DOT), Government of India. Its activities include:

- Framing of TEC Standards for Generic Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Interface Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Service Requirements & Standard document of TEC for Telecom Products and Services
- Formulation of Essential Requirements (ERs) under Mandatory Testing and Certification of Telecom Equipment (MTCTE)
- Field evaluation of Telecom Products and Systems
- Designation of Conformity Assessment Bodies (CABs)/Testing facilities
- Testing & Certification of Telecom products
- Adoption of Standards
- Support to DoT on technical/technology issues

For the purpose of testing, four Regional Telecom Engineering Centres (RTECs) have been established which are located at New Delhi, Bangalore, Mumbai, and Kolkata.

## ABSTRACT

This Test Guide for testing pertains to the test schedule and procedure for evaluating conformance/ functionality / requirements / performance of Standard for Generic requirements of Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable.

## CONTENTS

<i>Section</i>	<i>Item</i>	<i>Page No.</i>
A	History Sheet	5
B	Introduction	6
C	General information	7
D	Testing team	8
E	List of the test instruments	8
F	Equipment Configuration Offered	8
G	Equipment/System Manuals	9
H	Clause-wise Test Type	10
I	Summary of test results	58

## A. HISTORY SHEET

<i>Sl.No</i>	<i>TSTP / Document No.</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1.	TSTP/GR/OFC - 16/01. JULY 2005	Provisional Test Schdeule And Test Procedure Of Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable	Release 1
2.	TEC 85131:2025	Test Guide for Standard for Generic Requirements of Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable	Release 2

## B. INTRODUCTION

This document enumerates detailed test schedule and procedure for evaluating conformance/ functionality / requirements / performance of Standard for Generic requirements of Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable as per Draft Standard No. **TEC 85130:2025**.

**Note1:** Though every care has been taken to cover all the parameters of the standard for product/equipment correctly in this Test guide, yet to avoid any inadvertent error/ misprint, the testing officer shall ensure that all the parameters of the standard for product/equipment have been tested & verified in accordance with the provisions of the standard for product/equipment.

### C. General information:

Name of the manufacturer/ : -----  
Trader/Supplier with address

Make, Model no. & Serial No. : -----

#### General guidelines for the Testing Officer :

1. The testing officer must ensure before taking up the test that the manufacturer is fully equipped with required test facilities.
2. The Source of procurement, Make and Model No. of the instrument are required to be checked and mentioned.
3. The requirements of the clauses as per the GR shall be checked and the observation may be recorded against each clause in detail.
4. The test results against the clauses for which test facilities are not available, must be checked & observation to be noted.
5. Additional columns or rows, as required for recording of tests results, shall be added wherever it is necessary.
6. The testing officer must ensure that necessary certificates/undertakings are obtained against the clauses wherever permissible/required and shall be annexed with the test results. All the clauses are required to be commented.

**D. Testing team:** *(to be filled by testing team)*

Sno.	Name	Designation	Organization	Signature
1.				
2.				

**E. List of the Test Instruments:**

Sno.	Name of the test instrument	Make /Model <i>(to be filled by testing team)</i>	Validity of calibration <i>(to be filled by testing team)</i>
1.	Patch Cord		
2.	Fiber Spool		
3.	OTDR		

**F. Equipment Configuration Offered:** *(to be filled by testing team)*

**(a) <Equipment/product name> Configuration:**

S.No.	Item	Details	Remarks

*Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product*



**(b) <Other equipment name> Configuration:**

S.No.	Item	Details	Remarks

*Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product*

**G. Equipment/System Manuals: (to be filled by testing team)**

*Availability of Maintenance manuals, Installation manual, Repair manual & User Manual etc. (Y/N)*

## H. Clause-wise Test Type:

### Chapter 1

<i>Clause No.</i>	<i>Clause</i>	<i>Type of Test / Test No. etc. *</i>
1.0	<b>Introduction :</b> This document describes the Standard for Generic requirements of Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable for installation in ducts. The Micro Optical Fibre Cable shall have low weight, small volume and high flexibility.	Manufacturer compliance shall be checked and examined.
2.0	<b>Functional Requirements:</b>	
2.1	The design and construction of Micro duct optical fibre cable shall be inherently robust and rigid under all conditions of installation, operation, adjustment, replacement, storage and transport.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment. The design shall also be checked. Undertaking shall also be submitted by manufacturer.
2.2	The Micro duct Optical fibre cable shall be able to work in saline atmosphere in coastal areas and should be protected against corrosion.	Test certificate or undertaking may be obtained as per the requirement of the clause.

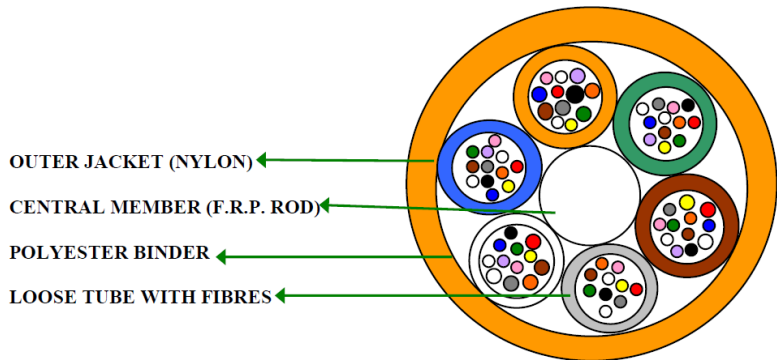
2.3	Life of cable shall be at least 25 years. Necessary statistical calculations shall be submitted by the manufacturer. The cable shall meet the cable aging test requirement.	The calculation shall be checked & observations are to be noted.
2.4	It shall be possible to operate and handle the Micro duct optical fibre cable with tools as per Standard for GR No TEC 89060:2006 (latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. If any special tool required for operating and handling the optical fibre cable, the same shall be provided along with the cable.	The cable shall be checked by operating with the tools as prescribed in the Standard No. TEC 89060:2006 and observation to be noted. Undertaking shall also be submitted by the manufacturer.
2.5	The Micro Duct optical fibre cable supplied shall be suitable and compatible to match with the dimensions, fixing, terminating & splicing arrangement of the splice closure & vice versa.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
2.6	The manufacturer shall submit an undertaking that the optical and mechanical fibre characteristics shall not change during the life time of the cable against the manufacturing defects.	Check as per the requirement of the clause.
2.7	It is mandatory that the Optical fibre cable supplied in a particular route is manufactured from a single source of optical fibres.	Test certificate or undertaking may be obtained as per

		the requirement of the clause
<b>3.0</b>	<b>Technical Requirements of Optical Fibres :</b>  Single Mode Optical Fibre used in manufacturing optical Fibre Cables shall be as per ITU-T Rec. G. 652 D and G. 657 A1. The specifications of optical fibres are mentioned below.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
<b>3.1</b>	<b>Type of fibre</b> (Wavelength band optimized nominal 1310 nm):  Single mode as per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment
<b>3.2</b>	<b>Geometrical Characteristics of Fibre :</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations.
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Transmission Characteristics of Fibre:</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations
<b>3.4</b>	<b>Mechanical Characteristics of Fibre:</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or	

	latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations
<b>3.5</b>	<b>Material Properties of Fibre:</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations
<b>3.6</b>	<b>Environmental Characteristic of Fibre :</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations
<b>3.7</b>	<b>Colour Qualification and primary coating Test :</b>  As per Section-I of the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. All the parametric values shall be as per the Standard for GR for raw materials (Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Record the observations
<b>3.8</b>	<b>Micro Optical Fibre Cable Construction Specifications for 6F, 12F and 24F:</b>  The cable shall be designed to the parameters mentioned in Annexure – I. The manufacturer shall submit designed	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.

	calculations and the same shall be studied and checked.	
3.8.1	<b>Secondary Protection :</b> The coated fibres may be protected by loose packaging within a tube, which shall be filled with thixotropic jelly. The tube dimensions shall be as per Annexure – I.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.8.2	<b>Number of fibres :</b> 6,12 and 24 (Type approval for a cable shall be issued depending upon the no. of fibres in the cable )	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.8.3	<b>Strength Member :</b> The strength member in the cable shall provide the strength and flexibility to the cable and shall have anti buckling properties. The four nos. Solid Aramid reinforced plastic rod (ARP rod) of 0.5 mm shall be used over the loose tube diagonally to each other. The specification of ARP rod shall be as per Section XVI of Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any. <b>MICRO CABLE FROM 6 TO 24 FIBRES:</b> <div data-bbox="394 1423 1049 1671" data-label="Image"> </div>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.8.4	<b>Filling compound :</b>	Check as per the requirement of the

	<p>The filling compound used in the loose tube shall be compatible to fibre and secondary protection of fibre of the cable. The drip point shall not be lower than +70°C. The fibre movement shall not be constrained by stickiness and shall be easily removable for splicing. Reference test method to measure drop point shall be as per ASTM D 566. The filling jelly compound shall be as per the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.</p>	<p>clause and comment.</p>
<b>3.8.5</b>	<p><b>Reinforcement :</b></p> <p>The Micro optical fibre cable shall be reinforced with Aramid Yarn in the periphery over loose tube. The Aramid Yarn shall be uniformly and equally distributed on the entire periphery (circumference) of the loose tube. The quantity of the Aramid Yarn used per kilometer length of the cable shall be as per Annexure – I.</p>	<p>Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.</p>
<b>3.8.6</b>	<p><b>Outer Jacket :</b></p> <p>A circular jacket of minimum 0.50 mm thick of nylon-12 material orange in colour, free from pin holes, scratches and other defects etc shall be provided over and above the Aramid reinforcement. The nylon jacket shall have smooth finish.</p>	<p>Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.</p>
<b>3.8.7</b>	<p><b>Cable diameter :</b></p> <p>The finished cable diameter shall be as per Annexure-I.</p>	<p>Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.</p>
<b>3.8.8</b>	<p><b>Cable weight :</b></p> <p>The nominal cable weight shall be as per Annexure-I.</p>	<p>Check as per the requirement of the</p>

		clause and comment.
3.9	<b>Micro Optical Fibre Cable Construction Specifications for 48F and 72F :</b>	
3.9.1	<b>Secondary Protection :</b>  The coated fibres may be protected by loose packaging within tube, which shall be filled with thixotropic jelly. The dimensions of tube shall be as per Annexure - I	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.9.2	<b>Number of fibres :</b> 48 or 72 (Type approval for a cable shall be issued depending upon the no. of fibres in the cable )  <b>MICRO CABLE FROM 48 TO 72 FIBRES</b>   <p>OUTER JACKET (NYLON) ←</p> <p>CENTRAL MEMBER (F.R.P. ROD) ←</p> <p>POLYESTER BINDER ←</p> <p>LOOSE TUBE WITH FIBRES ←</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.9.3	<b>Strength Member :</b>  Solid FRP non-metallic strength member shall be provided in the center of the cable core. The strength member in the cable shall be for strength and flexibility to the cable and shall have anti buckling properties. The FRP shall keep the fibre strain within permissible values. The strength member (FRP) shall be as per the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any. The size of FRP shall	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.



	be as per Annexure – II.	
<b>3.9.4</b>	<p><b>Filling compound :</b></p> <p>The filling compound used in the loose tube shall be compatible to fibre and secondary protection of fibre of the cable. The drip point shall not be lower than +70°C. The fibre movement shall not be constrained by stickiness and shall be easily removable for splicing. Reference test method to measure drop point shall be as per ASTM D 566. The filling jelly compound shall be as per the Standard No. TEC 89010:2021(or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
<b>3.9.5</b>	<p><b>Cable Core Assembly:</b></p> <p>The coated fibres in loose tubes stranded together around a central strength member using helical or reverse lay techniques, shall form the cable core. The polyester/Nylon binder thread shall be used to hold the cable core assembly.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
<b>3.9.6</b>	<p><b>Outer Jacket :</b></p> <p>A jacket of minimum 0.5 mm thick of nylon -12 material, orange in colour, free from pin holes, scratches and other defects etc., shall be provided over the cable core assembly.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
<b>3.9.7</b>	<p><b>Cable Diameter :</b></p> <p>The finished cable diameter shall be as per Annexure-II.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.

3.9.8	<b>Cable Weight :</b>  The nominal cable weight shall be as per Annexure-II.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.10	<b>Mechanical Characteristics and Tests on Micro Optical Fibre Cable :</b>	
3.10.1	<b>Tensile Strength Test:</b>  <b>Objective :</b> To test the tensile strength of Micro optical fibre cables in order to examine the behavior of the attenuation as a function of the load on a cable which may occur during installation.  <b>Test Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-21-E1.  <b>Test Specs. :</b> The cable shall have sufficient strength to withstand a load of value $T(N) = 9.81 \times 1.3 W$ (where W- mass of 1 Km of cable in Kg) or 300 Newtons whichever is higher. The load shall be sustained for 10 minutes and the strain on the fibre shall be monitored.  <b>Requirements:</b> The load shall not produce a strain exceeding 0.25% in the fiber and shall not cause any permanent physical and optical damage to any component of the cable. The attenuation shall be noted before strain and after the release of strain. The change in attenuation of each fiber after the test shall be $\leq 0.05\text{dB}$ , both for 1310nm & 1550 nm wavelengths.	Check and note down the observation in Table below

**Test Results:**

Length code \_\_\_\_\_

**Requirement:**

1. Change in attenuation :  $\leq 0.05$  dB
2. Strain under load :  $\leq 0.25\%$

**Change in attenuation measurement:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

**Strain Testing:** The strain is monitored by using fibre strain tester. Fibre strain under load to be tested. Record the observations.

3.10.2	<b>Abrasion Test :</b> <b>Objective :</b> To test the abrasion resistance of the	Check and note down the
--------	---	-------------------------

	<p>jacket and marking printed on the surface of the Micro cable.</p> <p><b>Test Method :</b> IEC-60794-1-21- E2</p> <p><b>Test Specs :</b> The cable surface shall be abraded with needle (wt. 150 gm) having diameter of 1mm with 500 grams weight (Total weight more than equal 650 gms.)</p> <p>No. of cycles : 100</p> <p>Duration : One minute (Nominal)</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> There shall be no perforation and loss of legibility of the marking on the jacket.</p>	<p>observation in Table below</p>
--	--	-----------------------------------

**Test Results:**

Length Code	Load Applied	No. of cycles	Duration	Observation / Remarks
	650 gms	100 cycles	01 Minute	

3.10.3	<p><b>Crush Test (Compressive test ):</b></p> <p><b>Objective:</b> The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of the Micro optical fibre cable to withstand crushing.</p> <p><b>Test Method :</b> IEC-60794-1-21-E3</p> <p><b>Test Specs :</b> The fibers and component part of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage when</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
--------	--	---

	<p>subjected to a compressive load of 1000 N applied, between the plates of dimension 100 X 100 mm. The load shall be applied for 60 seconds. The attenuation shall be noted before/after the completion of the test.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b>The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05\text{dB}</math>, both for 1310nm and 1550nm wavelengths.</p>	
--	--	--

**Test Results:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

3.10.4	<p><b>Repeated Bending Test :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> The purpose of the test is to determine the ability of Micro optical fibre cable to withstand repeated bending.</p> <p><b>Test Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-21-E6</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> The cable sample shall be of sufficient length (5 m minimum) to permit radiant power measurements as required by this test. Longer length of the may be used, if required.</p> <p><b>Parameters :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Weight : 5 Kg or as per FOTP104, whichever is higher.</li> <li>b) Minimum distance from Pulley centre to holding device : 216 mm</li> <li>c) Minimum distance from Wt. to Pulley centre :457 mm</li> <li>d) Pulley Diameter : 20 D (D - cable diameter)</li> <li>e) Angle of Turning : 90°</li> <li>f) No. of cycles : 30</li> <li>g) Time Required for 30 cycles : 1 minute to 2 minutes</li> <li>h) Length of Cable sample : 5m (minimum)</li> </ul> <p><b>Requirement :</b> During the test no fibre shall break and the attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test. The change in attenuation of</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
--------	--	---



	<p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-21-E10.</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> The sample length shall be 10 times the minimum bending radius of the cable. The sample is held in both hands, a loop is made of a bigger diameter and by stretching both the ends of the cable in opposite direction, the loop is made to the minimum bend radius so that no kink shall form. After the cable comes in normal condition, the attenuation reading is taken.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The kink should disappear after the cable comes in normal condition. The change in attenuation of the fibre after test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB both for 1310 nm &amp; 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	
--	--	--

**Test Results:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	




3.10.6	<p><b>Cable Bend Test :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of Micro Optical fibre cable to withstand repeated flexing. The procedure is designed to measure optical transmittance changes and requires an assessment of any damage occurring to other cable components.</p> <p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-21-E11 (Procedure-I).</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> The fibre and the component parts of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage when the cable is repeatedly wrapped and unwrapped 4 complete turns of 10 complete cycles around a mandrel of 20 D, where D is the diameter of the cable. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths. The jacket shall not show any</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
--------	---	---



	<p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-22-F1. (To be tested on standard cable length of drum i.e. 2 Km <math>\pm</math> 5%)</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> The permissible temperature range for storage and operation will be from -20°C to +70°C. The rate of change of temperature during the test shall be 1°C per minute approx. The cable shall be subjected to temperature cycling for 12 Hrs. at each temperature as given below :</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> TA2 temp. : - 20°C.  TA1 temp. : - 10°C.  TB1 temp. : + 60°C.  TB2 temp. : + 70°C. </p> <p>The test shall be conducted for 2 cycles at the above temperatures.</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> The change in attenuation of the fibre under test shall be <math>\leq</math> 0.05 dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths for the entire range of temperature.</p>	
--	---	--

#### Test Results:

- A) Cable length code:
- Temperature: Ambient

Colour of		Initial Reading	Final Reading	Change in Attenuation (dB)	Observation / Remarks
-----------	--	-----------------	---------------	----------------------------	-----------------------

Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

B) Cable length code:

Temperature: - 20 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	


C) Cable length code:

Temperature : - 10 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

D) Cable length code:

Temperature : + 60 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

E) Cable length code:

Temperature : + 70 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	


F) Cable length code:  
Temperature : Ambient

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

3.10.8	<p><b>Cable aging (Type Test) :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> To check the cable material change dimensionally as the cable ages.</p> <p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-22-F9</p> <p><b>Test Specs :</b> At the completion of temperature cycle test, the test cable shall be exposed to <math>85 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for 168 hours. The attenuation measurement at 1310 &amp; 1550 nm wavelength to be made after stabilization of the test cable at ambient temperature for 24 hours.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB, both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p> <p><b>Note :</b> The attenuation changes are to be calculated with respect to the baseline attenuation values measured at room temperature before temperature cycling.</p>	Check and note down the observation in Table below
--------	--	--

**Test Results:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	




3.10.9	<p><b>Water Penetration Test (Type Test) :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> The aim of this test is to ensure that installed Micro optical fibre cable will not allow water passage along its length.</p> <p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-22-F5</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> A circumferential portion of the loose tube shall face the water head. The water tight sleeve shall be applied over the loose tube. The cable shall be supported horizontally and two meter water head, containing sufficient quantity of water soluble fluorescent dye for the detection of seepage, shall be</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
--------	--	---

	<p>applied on the loose tube for a period of 7 days, at ambient temperature.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> No dye shall be detected when the end of the 3m length. cable sample is examined with ultraviolet light detector.</p>	
--	--	--

#### Test Results:

Length No.	code	End	Date	Time In	Date	Time Out	Observation / Remarks
Sample no 1		Top					
		Bottom					
Sample no 2		Top					
		Bottom					

3.10.10	<p><b>Test of Figure of 8 (Eight) on the cable (Type Test</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> Check of easiness in formation of figure 8 of the cable during installation in the field.</p> <p><b>Test Method :</b> 1000 meter of the cable shall be uncoiled from the cable reel and shall be arranged in figure of 8 (eight) shape. The diameter of each loop of the figure of 8 shall be maximum 2 meters.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below as well as cable diameter change/kink introduced if any</p>
---------	---	---

	<b>Requirement :</b> It shall be possible to make figure of 8 of minimum 1000 meters of the cable uncoiled from the cable reel, without any difficulty. No visible damage shall occur.	
--	--	--

**Test Results:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

3.10.11	<p><b>Check of quality of the loose tube (containing optical fibre) (Type Test) :</b></p> <p><b>a. Embrittlement Test method :</b> This test method is based on bending by compression and reflects embrittlement much better than the other tensile tests. This test is independent of wall thickness of the loose tube.</p> <p><b>Sample :</b> The minimum length of the test sample depends on the outside diameter of the loose tube and should be 85 mm for tubes upto 2.5 mm outside dia. The length of the bigger tubes should be calculated by using the following equation :</p>	Check and note down the observation in Table below
---------	---	--

	$L_o > 100 \times \sqrt{\frac{D^2 + d^2}{4}}$ <p>Where, <math>L_o</math> = Length of tube under test.  <math>D</math> = Outside dia of loose tube.  <math>d</math> = Inside dia of loose tube.</p> <p><b>Procedure :</b> Both the ends of a buffer tube test sample may be mounted in a tool, which is clamped in jaws of a tensile machine which exerts a constant rate of movement. The movable jaw may move at a rate of 50 mm per minute towards the fixed jaw. Under load, the tube will bend so that it is subjected to tensile and compressive stresses. The fixture for holding the tube should be designed in a manner that the tube might bend in all directions without further loading.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The tube should not get embrittled. No kink should appear on the tube up to the safe bend dia of tube (15 D), where D is the outside diameter of the loose tube. There should also not be any physical damage or mark on the tube surface.</p> <p><b>b. Kink Resistance Test method</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> To safeguard the delicate optical fibres, the quality of the loose tube material should be such that no kink or damage to the tube occur while it is being handled during installation and in splicing operations.</p>	
--	--	--

	<p><b>Method:</b> IEC 60794-1-23-G7</p> <p><b>Procedure :</b> To check the kink resistance of the loose tube, a longer length of the loose tube is taken (with fibre and gel), a loop is made and loop is reduced to the minimum bend radius of loose tube i.e. 15 D (where D is the out side dia of the loose tube). This test is to be repeated 4 times on the same sample length of the loose tube.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b>No damage or kink should appear on the surface of the tube.</p>	
--	---	--

**Test Results a:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

**Test Results b:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

3.10.12	Drainage Test for loose Tube and Drip test on the cable (Type Test) :	Check and note down the
---------	---	-------------------------

	<p><b>a) Drainage Test for loose Tube</b></p> <p><b>Sample Size :</b> 30 cm tube length.</p> <p><b>Test procedure</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cut the tube length to 40 cm.</li> <li>Fill the tube with the tube filling gel ensuring that there are no air bubbles and the tube is completely full.</li> <li>Place the filled tube in a horizontal position on a clean worktop and cut 5 cm from either end so that the finished length of the sample is 30 cm.</li> <li>Leave the filled tube in a horizontal position at an ambient temperature for 24 hrs</li> <li>The sample tube is then suspended vertically in an environment heat oven over a weighed beaker. It is left in the oven at a temperature of 70°C for a period of 24 Hrs.</li> <li>At the end of the 24 Hrs period the beaker is checked and weighed to see if there is any gel in the beaker.</li> </ol> <p><b>Requirement :</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If there is no gel or oil in the beaker the tube has PASSED the drainage test.</li> </ol>	<p>observation in Table below</p>
--	--	-----------------------------------

	<p>ii. If there is gel or oil in the beaker the tube has FAILED the drainage test.</p> <p>b) New Clause: <b>Drip test on the cable</b></p> <p><b>Objective:</b> The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of jelly in the optical fibre cable to withstand a temperature of 70°C.</p> <p><b>Method:</b> IEC 60794-1-22-F16</p> <p><b>Test Specs.:</b> Take a sample of 30 cm length of the cable with one end sealed by end cap. Remove outer jacket, binder's for 5 cm from open end of the sample. Clean the jelly. Then the sample is kept vertically with open end downwards in the oven for 24 hours at 70°C with a paper under the sample.</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Examine the paper placed below the cable inside the oven for dripping of the jelly after 24 hours. There should be no jelly drip or oily impression on the paper.</p>	
--	--	--

**Test Results a:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

**Test Results b:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

3.10.13	<p><b>Check of easy removal of Jacket:</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> Check of the easy removal of jacket of the Micro optical fibre cable by using normal jacket removal tool.</p> <p><b>Procedure :</b> To check easy removal, the jacket shall be cut in circular way and the about 300 mm length of the jacket should be removed in one operation. It should be observed during jacket removal process that no undue extra force is applied and no component part of the cable is damaged. One should be able to remove the jacket easily.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
---------	---	---

**Test Results:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks



3.10.14	<p><b>Check of Effect of aggressive media on the cable surface (Acidic and alkaline behavior) (Type Test) :</b></p> <p><b>Procedure :</b> To check the effect of aggressive media, solution of PH4 and PH10 shall be made. The two test samples of the finished cable, each of 600 mm in length, are taken and the ends of the samples are sealed. These test samples are put in the PH4 and PH10 solutions separately. After 30 days these samples are taken out from the solutions and examined for any corrosion etc on the jacket and other markings of the cables. (Test method no. ISO175).</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The sample should not show any effect of these solution on the jacket and other marking of the cable.</p>	Check and note down the observation in Table below
---------	---	--

**Test Results:**

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

	<p><b>New Clause: Impact Test :</b></p> <p><b>Objective:</b> The purpose if this test is to determine the</p>	Check and note down the
--	---	-------------------------

	<p>ability of an optical fiber cable to withstand the impact.</p> <p><b>Test Method</b> : IEC 60794 -1- 21-E4</p> <p><b>Test Specs</b> : The cable shall have sufficient strength to withstand an impact caused by a mass weight of 25 Newton, when falls freely from a height of 0.5 meters. The radius 'R' of the surface causing impact shall be 300 mm. 10 such impacts shall be applied at the at different places typically spaced not less than 500mm apart. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.</p> <p><b>Requirement</b> : The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB, both for 1310nm and 1550nm wavelengths.</p>	<p>observation in Table below</p>
--	---	-----------------------------------

#### Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	


	<p><b>New Clause: Torsion Test :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of an optical fibre cable to withstand torsion.</p> <p><b>Method :</b> IEC 60794-1-21-E7.</p> <p><b>Test Specs. :</b> The length of the specimen under test shall be 2 meters and the load shall be 100 N. The sample shall be mounted in the test apparatus with cable clamped in the fixed clamp, sufficiently tight, to prevent the movement of cable sheath during the test. One end of the cable shall be fixed to the rotating clamp, which shall be rotated in a clock wise direction for one turn. The sample shall then be returned to the starting position and then rotated in an anti-clock wise direction for one turn and returned to the starting position. This complete movement constitutes one cycle. The cable shall withstand ten such complete cycles. The attenuation shall be noted before and after the completion of the test.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below</p>
--	--	---

	<b>Requirement :</b> The cable shall be examined physically for any cracks, tearing on the outer sheath and for the damage to other component ports of the cable. The twist mark shall not be taken as damage. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be $\leq 0.05$ dB both for 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.	
--	--	--

**Test Results:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

	<b>New Clause: Flexural Rigidity Test on the optical fibre cable (Type Test) :</b>	Check and note down the
--	--	-------------------------

<p><b>Objective :</b> To check the Flexural Rigidity of the optical fibre cable .</p> <p><b>Method :</b> To be tested as per ASTM D –790</p> <p><b>Test Specs :</b> The fibre and the component parts of the cable shall not suffer permanent damage in the cable subjected to Flexural Rigidity Test as per the above method. The attenuation shall be noted after and before the completion of the test.</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths. The sheath shall not show any cracks visible to the naked eye.</p>	<p>observation in Table below</p>
---	-----------------------------------

**Test Results:**

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	


	<p><b>New Clause: Static Bend test (Type Test) :</b></p> <p><b>Objective :</b> To check the cable under Static bend</p> <p><b>Test Method :</b> As per the clause no 3.10.6 of the GR alternatively as per ASTM D 790.</p> <p><b>Test Specs :</b> The cable shall be subjected to static bend test. The optical fibre cable shall be bend on a mandrel having a Diameter of 10 D (D is diameter of the cable).</p> <p><b>Requirement :</b> The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be <math>\leq 0.05</math> dB for both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths. The jacket shall not show any cracks visible to the naked eye when examined whilst still wrapped on the mandrel.</p>	Check and note down the observation in Table below
--	--	--

#### Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	


<b>4.0</b>	<b>Engineering Requirements :</b>	
<b>4.1</b>	<b>Cable Marking :</b>	
<b>4.1.1</b>	Marking on Micro optical fibre cable shall be of durable quality. It shall be marked at one meter intervals in black colour inkjet printing over the orange colour jacket. The accuracy of the sequential marking must be within - 0.25% to +0.5% of the actual measured length. The markings on the cable must not rub off during normal installation.	The method of imprinting (Indenting) and its quality must be checked as per the requirement of the GR and also the accuracy of the sequential marking shall be checked by standard measuring scale at three different places. It shall meet the

		requirement of the clause.
4.1.2	<p>The type of legend marking on O.F. cable shall be as follows :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Company Legend</li> <li>b) Legend containing telephone mark &amp; international acceptable Laser symbol</li> <li>c) Type of cable i.e. Micro Cable</li> <li>d) Type of Fibre</li> <li>e) Number of Fibres</li> <li>f) Year of manufacture</li> <li>g) Sequential length marking</li> <li>h) Purchaser's Identification</li> <li>i) Cable ID</li> </ul>	The contrast colour shall be checked & noted and the method of imprinting (Indenting) must be checked as per the requirement of the clause.
	<p><b>New Clause:</b></p> <p><b>Cable Ends:</b> Both cable ends (the beginning end and end of the cable reel) shall be sealed and readily accessible. Minimum 5 meter of the cable of the beginning end of the reel shall accessible for testing. Both ends of the cable shall be kept inside the drums and shall be located so as to be easily accessible for the test. The drum (conforming to GR No. G/CBD-01/02 Nov. 94 and subsequent amendments, if any) should be marked to identify the direction of rotation of the drum. Both ends of cable shall be provided with cable pulling (grip) stocking and the anti twist device (free head hook). The wooden drums shall be properly treated against termites and other insects during transportation and storage. The manufacturer shall submit the methodology used for the same.</p>	The requirement of the clause shall be checked in detail and the observation to be noted.



	<b>New Clause:</b> An anti twist device (Free head hook) shall be provided attached to the both the ends of the cable pulling arrangement. The arrangement of the pulling eye and its coupling system, along with the anti twist system, shall withstand the prescribed tensile load applicable to the cable.	The tensile strength requirement shall be checked with pulling eye and its coupling system along with the anti-twist device shall be checked and noted.
<b>4.2</b>	<b>The nominal drum length:</b>	
<b>4.2.1</b>	Length of Micro optical fibre cable in each drum shall be 2Km /4 Km/ 8Km/ 10Km. and shall be supplied as per the order. The variation in length of Micro optical fibre cable in each drum shall be $\pm 5\%$ to $\pm 10\%$ , as decided by the purchaser. Purchaser may at their discretion procure shorter length cable drum as per their requirement.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
<b>4.2.2</b>	The fibres in cable length shall not have any joint.	This shall be examined for each fibre and observations to be noted. A certificate /undertaking may be obtained for the bulk production.
<b>4.2.3</b>	The drum shall be marked with arrows to indicate the direction of rotation.	Check as per the requirement of the clause.
<b>4.2.4</b>	Packing list supplied with each drum shall have at least the following information:  a) Drum No.	The packing list shall be checked as per the requirement and

	b) Type of cables c) Physical Cable length d) No. of fibres e) Length of each fibre as measured by OTDR f) The Cable factor - ratio of fibre / cable length g) Attenuation per Km. of each fibre at 1310 & 1550 nm h) User's / Consignee's Name i) Manufacturer's Name, Month, Year and Batch No. j) Group refractive index of fibres k) Name of the route l) Diameter of cable	observation to be noted.												
<b>4.3</b>	<b>Colour coding in O.F. Cables &amp; Unit Identification:</b>													
<b>4.3.1</b>	The colorant applied to individual fibres shall be readily identifiable throughout the lifetime of the cable and shall match and conform to the MUNSELL Color Standards (For EIA Standard EIA-598-D and also IEC Publication 304 (4).	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.												
<b>4.3.2</b>	Colour code to be adapted for individual fibres :  <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1. Blue</td><td>5. Slate</td><td>9. Yellow</td></tr> <tr> <td>2. Orange</td><td>6. White</td><td>10. Violet</td></tr> <tr> <td>3. Green</td><td>7. Red</td><td>11. Rose/Pink</td></tr> <tr> <td>4. Brown</td><td>8. Black</td><td>12. Natural/ Aqua</td></tr> </table>	1. Blue	5. Slate	9. Yellow	2. Orange	6. White	10. Violet	3. Green	7. Red	11. Rose/Pink	4. Brown	8. Black	12. Natural/ Aqua	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment
1. Blue	5. Slate	9. Yellow												
2. Orange	6. White	10. Violet												
3. Green	7. Red	11. Rose/Pink												
4. Brown	8. Black	12. Natural/ Aqua												
<b>4.3.3</b>	<b>Unit / Bundle Identification:</b>  Each unit/bundle has to be identified by colour of the binder with colours indicated as follows :													

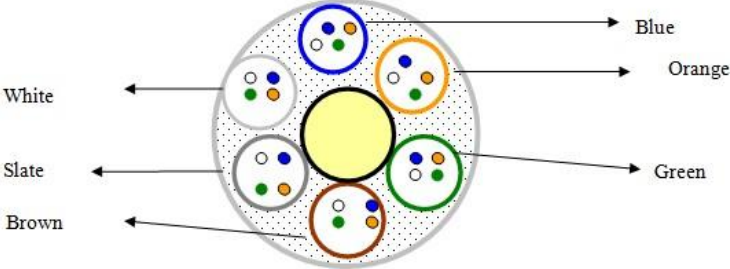
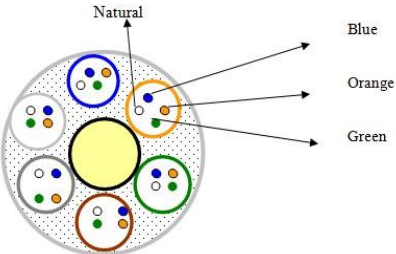
	Blue, Orange, Green, Brown, Slate/Grey, White, Red, Black, Yellow, Violet, Rose / Pink, Natural/Aqua.																											
4.3.4	<p><b>Colour Coding Scheme :</b></p> <p>When the loose tubes are placed in circular format, the marking to indicate the loose tube no. "1" shall be in blue colour followed by loose tube no.2 of orange and so on for other tubes as per the colour scheme given below at Table-1 and complete the circular format by placing the dummy /fillers at the end.</p> <p><b>Table -1 : Colour Coding scheme of Loose tube</b></p> <table><tr><th>Loose tube No./Sequence</th><th>Loose tube identification</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Blue</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Orange</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Green</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Brown</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Slate</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>White</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>Red</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>Black</td></tr><tr><td>9</td><td>Yellow</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>Violet</td></tr><tr><td>11</td><td>Rose/Pink</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>Aqua</td></tr></table>	Loose tube No./Sequence	Loose tube identification	1	Blue	2	Orange	3	Green	4	Brown	5	Slate	6	White	7	Red	8	Black	9	Yellow	10	Violet	11	Rose/Pink	12	Aqua	<p>The colour coding identification method shall be checked &amp; observation to be noted as per the requirement of the clause.</p>
Loose tube No./Sequence	Loose tube identification																											
1	Blue																											
2	Orange																											
3	Green																											
4	Brown																											
5	Slate																											
6	White																											
7	Red																											
8	Black																											
9	Yellow																											
10	Violet																											
11	Rose/Pink																											
12	Aqua																											

Depending upon the number of fibres in a loose tube (which depends on the cable capacity), the fibres within each loose tube are serially chosen starting from blue colour as per the colour scheme given below at Table-2. Last fibre in a tube shall be of natural color, while the rest of fibres are colored.

**Table -2 : Colour Coding scheme of the Optical Fibre within Loose tube**

Fibre No./Sequence within loose tube	Fibre identification
1	Blue
2	Orange
3	Green
4	Brown
5	Slate
6	White
7	Red
8	Black
9	Yellow
10	Violet
11	Rose/Pink
12	Natural

**Color coding of Loose Tubes for 24 fibres (Refer Table - 1)**

	 <p>(Loose Tube Colour: Blue, Orange, Green, Brown, Slate, White)</p> <p><u>Color coding of 24 Fibres within Loose Tubes (Refer Table - 2)</u></p>  <p>(Fiber Colour : Blue , Orange, Green, Natural)</p>	
5.0	<b>Quality Requirements :</b>	
5.1	The cable shall be manufactured in accordance with the international quality standards ISO 9001-2015 (or latest issue) for which the manufacturer should be duly accredited. The Quality Manual shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and verify the validity of the ISO certificate.
5.2	<b>Raw Material:</b>	
5.2.1	The cable shall use the raw materials approved against the Standard for GR No TEC 89010:2021 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendments issued, if any. The list and details of the Raw Materials used, the make	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.

	and grade of the raw material and valid certificate of source approval issued by CACT or any other Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) recognized by TEC shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	
5.2.2	Any other material used shall be clearly indicated by the manufacturer. The detailed technical specifications of such raw materials used shall be furnished by the manufacturer at the time of evaluation/testing.	The details of the materials shall be taken and checked.
5.2.3	The raw materials used from multiple sources is permitted and the source/ sources of raw materials (Type and grade) from where these have been procured shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	The details shall be obtained from the manufacturer and checked.
5.2.4	The manufacturer can change the raw material from one approved source to other approved source with the approval of QA, BSNL. The change of source / grade of SM Optical Fibre and/or design of cable shall call for fresh type approval/certification. The clauses 9.2 and 9.3 of this Standard for GR shall facilitate the clause 5.2.4 of this Standard for GR, in order to simplify the certification process and to avoid repetitive testing.	This shall be checked as per the requirement of the clause.
5.2.5	The material used in Micro optical fibre cable must not evolve hydrogen that will affect the characteristics of optical fibres.. <b>Note:</b> A test certificate from a recognized laboratory or institute may be acceptable.	Certificate/Undertaking may be obtained as per the requirement of the clause.
5.3	<b>Cable Material Compatibility:</b>  Optical fibre, buffers/core tubes, and other core components shall meet the requirements of the	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.

	<p>compatibility with buffer/core tube filling material(s) and/or water-blocking materials that are in direct contact with identified components within the cable structure as per clause no. 6.3.3 of Telecordia document GR-20-CORE issue 4, July 2013 or as per IEC 60794-1-219).</p> <p><b>Note :</b> The tests may be conducted in house (if facility exist) or may be conducted at CACT or any Conformity Assessment Body(CAB) recognized by TEC. The test certificate may be accepted and the tests may not be repeated subsequently, in next type approvals, if the raw material used is of same make and grade.</p>	Certificate may be obtained.
<b>6.0</b>	<b>Safety Requirements:</b>	
<b>6.1</b>	<p>The material used in the manufacturing of the Optical fibre cables shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its lifetime and shall not be hazardous to health. The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of OF Cable to substantiate the statement.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Latest issue of the Standards mentioned in the GR, may be referred.</p>	The details may be obtained & checked. Certificate/undertaking may be obtained.

## CHAPTER-2

<i>Clause No.</i>	<i>Clause</i>	<i>Type of Test / Test No. etc. *</i>
7.0	<b>Documentation :</b>	
7.1	Complete technical literature in English with detailed cable construction diagram of various sub-components with dimensions, weight & test data and other details of the cable shall be provided.	Details submitted by the manufacturer shall be checked as per the requirement of the clause.
7.2	All aspects of cable installation, operation, maintenance and fibre splicing shall also be covered in the handbook. The pictorial diagrams of the accessories (with model no. and manufacturer name) supplied along with the cable as package shall be also be submitted. A hard as well as soft copy of the manuals shall be provided.	Details submitted by the manufacturer shall be checked as per the requirement of the clause
8.0	<b>New Clause: Information for the Procurer/User:</b>	
8.1	It is suggested that the Optical fibre cable supplied in a particular route is manufactured from a single source of optical fibres.	
8.2	User shall check for compatibility issues that may arise because of different fibre types and MFD mismatch.	Compatibility issues may be quantified by bidirectional splice loss and MFD



		mismatch between the fibres if any.
<b>9.0</b>	<b>New Clause: Procedure for issue of Approval Certificate</b>	
<b>9.1</b>	The approval certificate against this Standard for GR shall be issued subsequent to successful testing against the clauses of this Standard.	
<b>9.2</b>	Single Mode Optical Fibre used in manufacturing optical fibre cables shall be as per ITU-T Rec. G.652 D or G.657 A1. The manufacturer having a valid approval certificate against this Standard for GR for cable of specific fibre count and specific fibre type, may also seek approval certificate for cable having same fibre count but different fibre type, provided the manufacturer gets testing done for all corresponding and concerned parameters. This will be applicable when there is change only in the fibre type while all other cable design parameters and fibre count remain the same.	
<b>9.3</b>	The manufacturer having valid approval certificate against this Standard for GR for cable with higher fibre count and specific fibre type, may seek approval certificate for cable with lower fibre count without conducting actual tests, provided that all cable design parameters including the fibre type being same.	
<b>9.4</b>	The clauses 10.2 and 10.3 shall be read in conjunction with the clause 6.2.4	

**Note:** Manufacturer shall provide at least two cable drums (of 2 Kms each approx.) for testing with regard to issue of approval certificate.

*\*Physical Check/Declaration/Documentation/ Report from Accredited test lab/ Functional verification / Information / Test No.*

I. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

GR/IR No. \_\_\_\_\_

TSTP No. \_\_\_\_\_

Equipment name & Model No. \_\_\_\_\_

<i>Clause No.</i>	<i>Compliance (Complied /Not Complied / Submitted/Not Submitted / Not Applicable)</i>	<i>Remarks / Test Report Annexure No.</i>

*[Add as per requirement]*

**Date:**

**Place:**

*Signature & Name of TEC testing Officer /*

*\* Signature of Applicant / Authorized Signatory*

*\* Section J as given above is also to be submitted by the Applicant/ Authorised signatory as part of in-house test results along with Form-A. The Authorised signatory shall be the same as the one for Form 'A'.*

**Template for submitting comments/inputs on draft Test Guide titled “*Micro Duct Optical Fibre Cable*”**

**(Draft Test Guide No. TEC 85131:2025)**

**Name of Manufacturer/Stakeholder:**

**Organization:**

**Contact details:**

Clause No.	Clause	Comments	Other Remarks, if any

**Note:** The comments/inputs on the draft Test Guide (Draft Test Guide No. TEC 85131:2025) may be provided in the above format vide email to **dirt2-tec-dot@gov.in** , **adet-tx-tec-dot@gov.in** and **ratx.tec-dot@nic.in**